



ISTITUTO NAZIONALE DI RICERCA METROLOGICA Repository Istituzionale

Calibration of a Master Gear

Original

Calibration of a Master Gear / Balsamo, Alessandro; Corona, Davide. - (2017), pp. 1-9.

Availability:

This version is available at: 11696/56245 since: 2017-09-28T14:49:01Z

Publisher:

Published

DOI:

Terms of use:

This article is made available under terms and conditions as specified in the corresponding bibliographic description in the repository

Publisher copyright

(Article begins on next page)

A. Balsamo, D. Corona,

Calibration of a Master Gear

T.R. 19/2017

September 2017

I.N.R.I.M. TECHNICAL REPORT

Abstract

This technical report describes the calibration of a master gear provided by Newcastle University. The calibration has been performed with the coordinate measuring machine CMM/ST001 at INRIM, with the master gear mounted on the workpiece table (no rotary table) and a star configuration of the stylus system. **The present work is related to the deliverable 2.1.9 of Drive Train Project (ENG56).**

Questo rapporto tecnico descrive la taratura di un Master Gear fornito dall'università di Newcastle. La taratura è stata condotta con la macchina a coordinate CMM/ST001 dell'INRIM nella configurazione con il Master Gear montato sulla tavola (non rotante) e con un tastatore a stella.

Questo lavoro si colloca all'interno del Progetto DriveTrian (ENG56) come deliverable 2.1.9.

1. MEASURAND, MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE AND CONDITIONS

1.1 Measurands

The measurands are the profile parameters ($f_{H\alpha}$, f_{α} , F_{α}) and lead parameters ($f_{H\beta}$, f_{β} , F_{β}) of the left and right flanks of teeth 1, 9, 17 and 25, the pitch parameters (f_p , F_p) and the runout (F_r) [1, 2].

The nominal parameters of the gear are summarised in the following table.

Diameter	Facewidth	Teeth	Helix angle	Normal Module	Pressure angle	Base diameter
d	b	z	β	m_n	α_n	d_b
390.048 mm	100 mm	32	35° RH	10 mm	20°	356.994

The profile parameters are evaluated in the range (377 – 407) mm of the length or roll. The lead parameters are evaluated along the facewidth with exclusion of 10 mm on each side (i.e. in the range (10 – 90) mm of the axial coordinate, while the full facewidth scans (0 – 100) mm).

The diameter of the theoretical sphere used to evaluate the runout is 18 mm.

1.2 Procedure

The calibration is performed with the coordinate measuring machine CMM/ST001, with the master gear mounted on the workpiece table (no rotary table) and a star configuration of the stylus system.

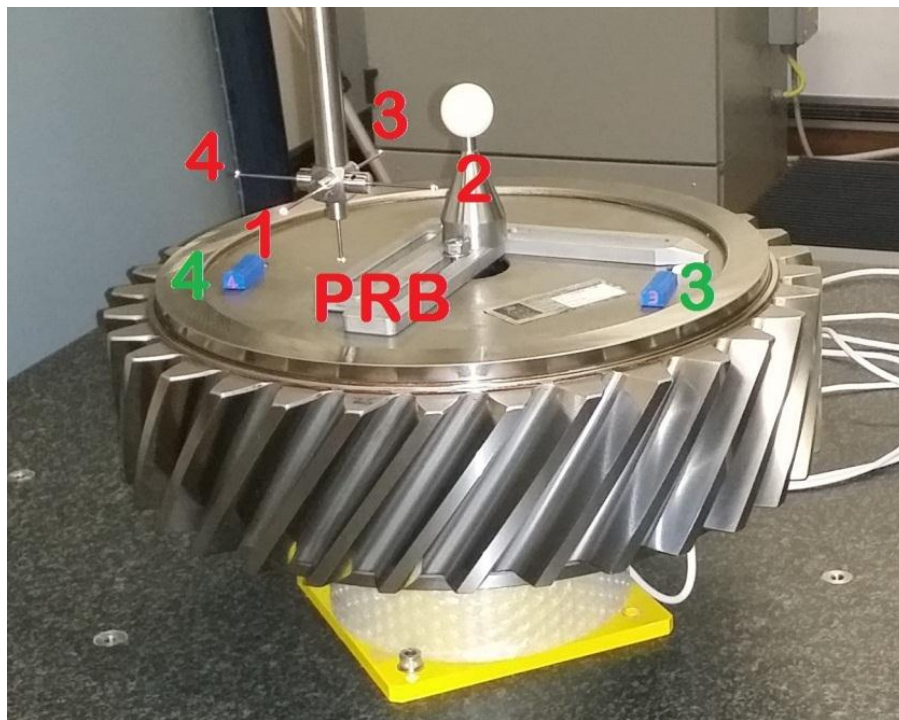


Figure 1: Mounting arrangement.

- 1,2,3,4: probe tips used to scan the gear surfaces (the vertical one is for alignment only).
3,4: thermometers.

The calibration is done in two steps with different measurands: a preliminary calibration (hereafter referred to as precalibration) and the actual calibration.

- Precalibration. Two radial and an axial features of the master gear are calibrated by comparison with calibrated gauge blocks (see figure 2):

- Two orthogonal point-to-point external diameters of the upper shoulder, l_x and l_y , aligned to the CMM x and y axes, respectively; they are calibrated by comparison with the calibrated 400 mm gauge block CEJ s/n 750004.
- The average of two point-to-point distances of the upper to the lower shoulders, l_{z1} and l_{z2} , in the axial direction, in two point pairs opposite to the gear axis¹; each distance is calibrated by comparison with the calibrated 100 mm gauge block CARY 100 s/n 40077.
- Actual calibration. All measurands of the master gear are measured while the precalibrated features are remeasured. The (x,y,z) coordinates of all sampled points are multiplied by three global scale factors, respectively and independently for each axis, equal to the ratios of the pre-calibrated values to the currently measured ones. This way the actual values of the precalibrated features are brought back to their traceable precalibrated values; as the same scale factors are applied to all sampled points, the traceability is extended to all measurands.

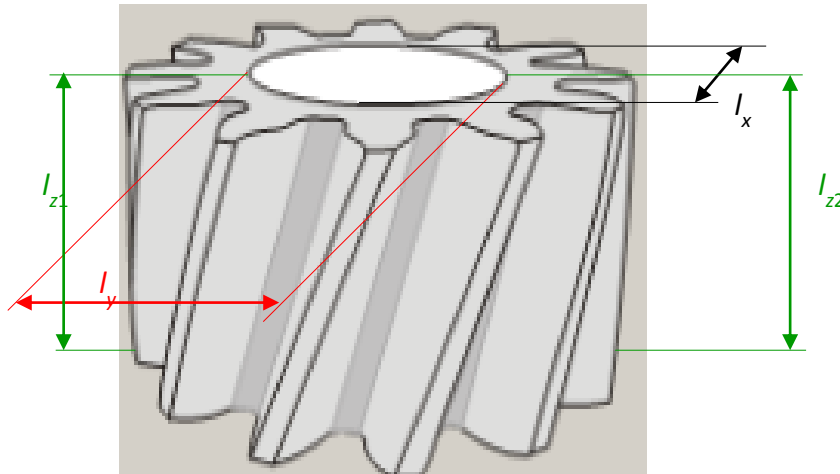


Figure 2: Features of the master gear precalibrated at step 1, to introduce traceability.

To minimise the effects of the CMM geometry errors, the calibrated gauge blocks used at step 1 are aligned parallel and fixtured as close as possible to the features under precalibration. This way the effects of the CMM geometry errors are second order and neglected.

The deviation of the mean temperatures of the gear and of the calibrated gauge blocks from the standard reference temperature (20 °C [3]) is relevant to the precalibration and is compensated for. On the contrary, it is not to the actual calibration as the scale factors applied to all sampled points already include and compensate for thermal expansion effects.

1.3 Environmental conditions

The gear and gauge blocks temperatures varied during the measurement in the range (19.84 - 20.26) °C. The value of the thermal expansion coefficient (CTE) of the gear was assumed at $(11.5 \pm 2.5) \times 10^{-6} \text{ K}^{-1}$.

¹ The average is taken for sake of symmetry, as the gear seat makes the central portion of the gear unavailable.

2. MEASUREMENT RESULTS AND ASSOCIATED UNCERTAINTIES

2.1 Results

The calibration values and their uncertainties are reported in the two tables below.

Flank Tooth	Left				Right				Uncertainty <i>U</i>
	25	17	9	1	1	9	17	25	
$f_{H\alpha}$	2.85	4.44	2.30	0.87	6.97	7.54	6.56	7.89	1.0
F_{α}	3.71	4.75	3.05	2.57	7.49	8.07	6.72	7.99	1.0
$f_{t\alpha}$	1.55	1.57	1.56	2.47	2.23	2.54	1.97	2.05	1.0
$f_{H\beta}$	-2.87	-5.78	-2.83	2.47	2.76	-4.79	-7.71	-4.47	1.0
F_{β}	4.37	6.84	3.70	4.02	2.83	5.54	8.29	5.27	1.0
$f_{t\beta}$	2.02	1.15	1.56	4.13	1.25	1.63	0.93	1.20	1.0
All values in micrometres (apart from the tooth numbering)									

Flank	Left	Right	Uncertainty
			<i>U</i>
f_p	5.23	4.13	0.6
F_p	12.40	23.27	2.7
F_r	26.27		1.9
All values in micrometres			

The graphical report of a measurement repetition is given in the attachment.

2.2 Uncertainty

The uncertainty of measurement is summarised in the following tables.

Precalibration	Input uncertainty $u(x_i)$	Sensitivity c_i	Standard component $u(y)/\mu\text{m}$
Gauge block calibration	0,025 μm	1	0,025
Gauge block temperature	0,023 K	1,150 $\mu\text{m}/\text{K}$	0,027
Gauge block CDT	$0,577 \times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$	-0,010 K m	-0,006
Gear temperature	0,023 K	-1,448 $\mu\text{m}/\text{K}$	-0,033
Gear CDT	$1,443 \times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$	0,019 K m	0,028
resolution	0,014 μm	2	0,029
Probe unidir. reproducibility	0,058 μm	2	0,115
Overall repeatability	0,074 μm	1	0,074
$u(y)$			0,151

Actual calibration	$u(x_i)$	$f_{H\alpha}$		F_α		f_{α}	
		c_i	$u(y)$ / μm	c_i	$u(y)$ / μm	c_i	$u(y)$ / μm
Scale factor, x	0.67×10^{-6}	0.019 m	0.01	0.017 m	0.01	0.000 m	0.00
Scale factor, y	0.71×10^{-6}	0.018 m	0.01	0.016 m	0.01	-0.001 m	0.00
Scale factor, z	1.20×10^{-6}	-0.002 m	0.00	-0.001 m	0.00	0.000 m	0.00
Axis localisation, x	0.17 μm	-0.096	-0.02	0.018	0.00	-0.002	0.00
Axis localisation, y	0.17 μm	-0.089	-0.02	0.020	0.00	0.001	0.00
Axis localisation, z	0.17 μm	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.00
Axis orientation, about x	3.92 μrad	0.002 m	0.01	-0.005 m	-0.02	0.000 m	0.00
Axis orientation, about y	3.92 μrad	0.006 m	0.02	0.006 m	0.02	-0.001 m	0.00
Temperature variations	0.087 K	0.175 $\mu\text{m}/\text{K}$	0.02	0.155 $\mu\text{m}/\text{K}$	0.01	0.004 $\mu\text{m}/\text{K}$	0.00
Probing anisotropy	0.44 μm	1	0.44	1	0.44	1	0.44
CMM geometry (over a profile)	0.2 μm	1	0.20	1	0.20	1	0.20
Reproducibility $f_{H\alpha}$	0.16 μm	1	0.16		0.00		0.00
Reproducibility F_α	0.17 μm		0.00	1	0.17		0.00
Reproducibility f_α	0.17 μm		0.00		0.00	1	0.17
(k = 2)			$u_c(y)$ $U_c(y)$		$u_c(y)$ $U_c(y)$		$u_c(y)$ $U_c(y)$
			0.51 1.02		0.51 1.03		0.51 1.02

Actual calibration	$u(x_i)$	$f_{H\beta}$		F_β		f_{β}	
		c_i	$u(y)$ / μm	c_i	$u(y)$ / μm	c_i	$u(y)$ / μm
Scale factor, x	0.67×10^{-6}	0.000 m	0.00	0.000 m	0.00	0.000 m	0.00
Scale factor, y	0.71×10^{-6}	0.000 m	0.00	0.000 m	0.00	0.000 m	0.00
Scale factor, z	1.20×10^{-6}	0.000 m	0.00	0.000 m	0.00	0.000 m	0.00
Axis localisation, x	0.17 μm	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.00
Axis localisation, y	0.17 μm	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.00
Axis localisation, z	0.17 μm	0.000	0.00	-0.092	-0.02	0.000	0.00
Axis orientation, about x	3.92 μrad	0.038 m	0.15	0.000 m	0.00	-0.001 m	0.00
Axis orientation, about y	3.92 μrad	0.014 m	0.05	0.025 m	0.10	0.002 m	0.01
Temperature variations	0.087 K	0.001 $\mu\text{m}/\text{K}$	0.00	0.003 $\mu\text{m}/\text{K}$	0.00	0.004 $\mu\text{m}/\text{K}$	0.00
Probing anisotropy	0.45 μm	1	0.45	1	0.45	1	0.45
CMM geometry (over a lead)	0.15 μm	1	0.20	1	0.20	1	0.20
Reproducibility $f_{H\beta}$	0.10 μm	1	0.10		0.00		0.00
Reproducibility F_β	0.16 μm		0.00	1	0.16		0.00
Reproducibility f_β	0.09 μm		0.00		0.00	1	0.09
(k = 2)			$u_c(y)$ $U_c(y)$		$u_c(y)$ $U_c(y)$		$u_c(y)$ $U_c(y)$
			0.51 1.02		0.51 1.02		0.48 0.96

Actual calibration	$u(x_i)$	f_p		F_p		f_r	
		c_i	$u(y)$ / μm	c_i	$u(y)$ / μm	c_i	$u(y)$ / μm
Scale factor, x	0.67×10^{-6}	0.033 m	0.02	0.127 m	0.09	0.062 m	0.04
Scale factor, y	0.71×10^{-6}	0.024 m	0.02	0.126 m	0.09	0.014 m	0.01
Scale factor, z	1.20×10^{-6}	0.000 m	0.00	0.000 m	0.00	0.000 m	0.00
Axis localisation, x	0.17 μm	0.169	0.03	1.947	0.34	1.094	0.19
Axis localisation, y	0.17 μm	0.206	0.04	2.024	0.35	1.580	0.27
Axis localisation, z	0.17 μm	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.00
Axis orientation, about x	3.92 μrad	0.020 m	0.08	0.237 m	0.93	-0.020 m	-0.08
Axis orientation, about y	3.92 μrad	0.027 m	0.11	0.159 m	0.62	0.128 m	0.50
Temperature variations	0.087 K	0.271 $\mu\text{m}/\text{K}$	0.02	1.188 $\mu\text{m}/\text{K}$	0.10	0.422 $\mu\text{m}/\text{K}$	0.04
Probing anisotropy	0.35 μm	0.342	0.12	0.342	0.12	1	0.35
CMM geometry (over full section)	0.2 μm	1	0.20	1	0.20	1	0.20
Reproducibility f_p	0.14 μm	1	0.14		0.00		0.00
Reproducibility F_p	0.51 μm		0.00	1	0.51		0.00
Reproducibility f_r	0.59 μm		0.00		0.00	1	0.59
(k = 2)			$u_c(y)$ $U_c(y)$		$u_c(y)$ $U_c(y)$		$u_c(y)$ $U_c(y)$
			0.31 0.61		1.35 2.71		0.94 1.87

The input uncertainty due to the probe anisotropy is evaluated experimentally (type A). A reference sphere with negligible form error is scanned along a path designed to mimic the exact directions of contact when scanning the gear. This is done separately for the profile and the lead measurements.

The sensitivity coefficients for the scale factors and the axis localisation and orientation are evaluated by simulation: arbitrary scale factors and an arbitrary rototranslation is applied to all scanned points and then the derived values are evaluated again. These variations are imposed one at a time to identify individual effects.

The reported expanded uncertainty of measurement U is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k = 2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

In the evaluation of the standard uncertainty, the long-term stability of the object under measurement has not been considered.

REFERENCES

- [1] ISO 701:1998 International gear notation – Symbols for geometrical data
- [2] ISO 1328-2:1997 Cylindrical gears – ISO system of flank tolerance classification – Part 1: Definitions and allowable values of deviations relevant to flanks of gear teeth
- [3] EN ISO 1:2016 Geometrical product specifications (GPS) – Standard reference temperature for the specification of geometrical and dimensional properties

ATTACHED DOCUMENTS

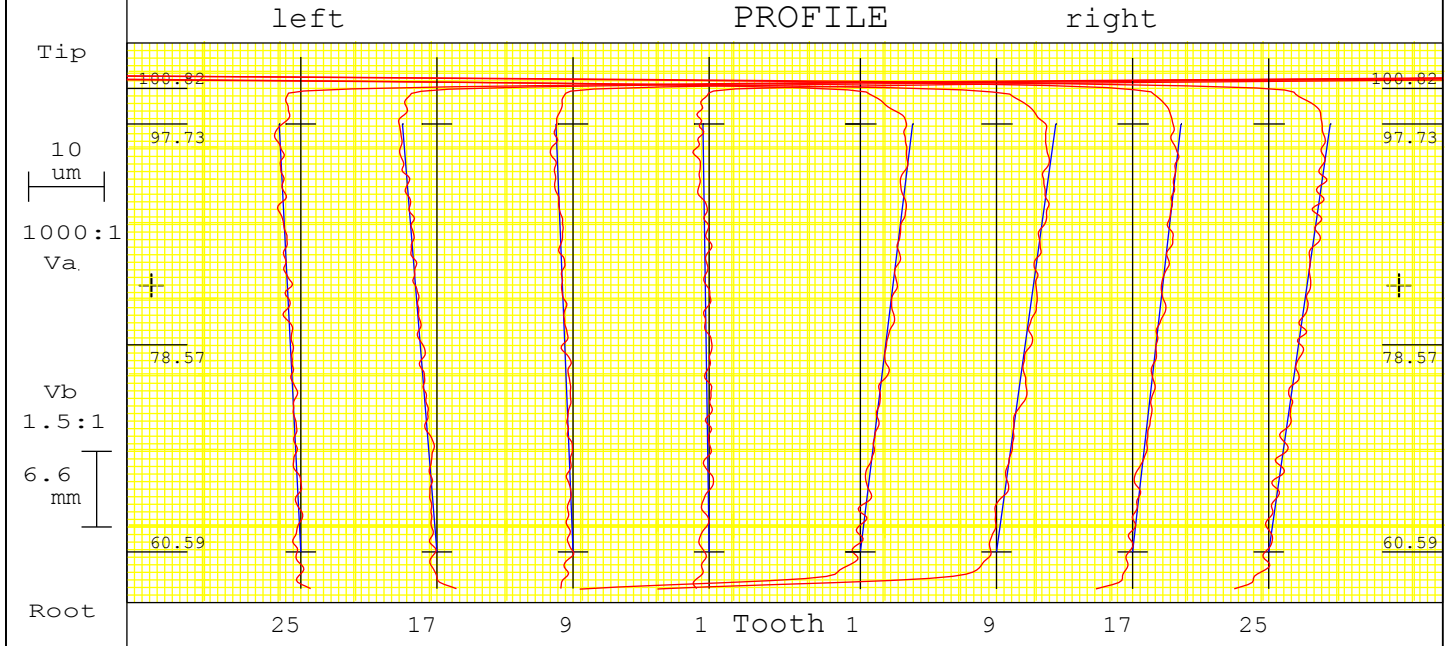
Annex A: Graphical report of a measurement repetition.



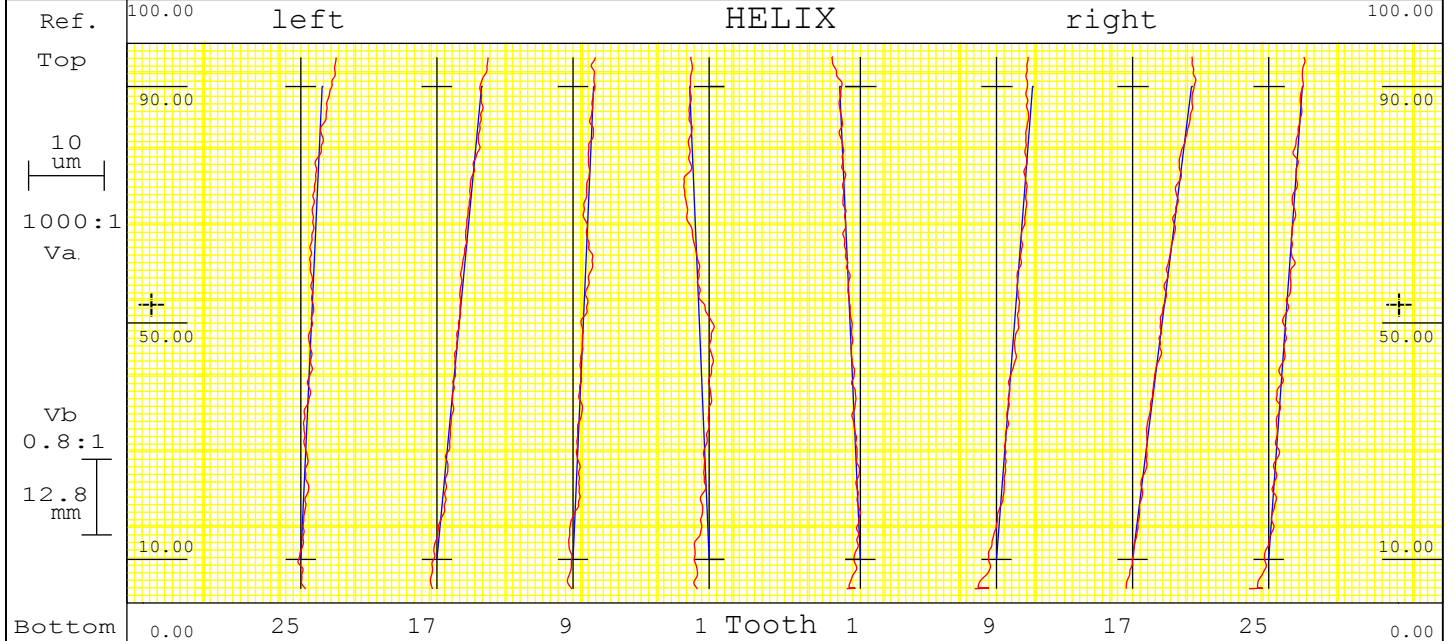
QUINDOS
GEAR

Cylindrical Gear Profile/Helix

Prog.Name: DRIVETRAIN	Operator: DC	Date: 09-JAN-2017 09:07:56
Type: Master gear	No. of teeth 32	Face Width 100.000mm
Drawing No.:	Module m 10.0000mm	Length Ev. La 37.140mm
Notes:	Pressure angle 20.0000	Length Ev. Lb 80.000mm
Part/Mach. No.:	Helix angle 35.0000	Addend.mod.fact. x -0.030
Meas.Device: PMC 12 10 7 #216	Base circ.dia. db 356.9943mm	Stylus dia. 3.000mm
Q-Type: DIN 3962 + VDI	Unit: mm	Base Helix angle 32.6146
		Filter G50 1.33mm / G50 3.33mm



	meas. [um]				Qual.	Tolerance				meas. [um]				Qual.		
						Qua.										
fHAm	2.6													7.3		
fHA	2.9	4.6	2.3	0.8	4	0/	0	0	0	0/	0	6	6.9	7.8	6.4	8.1
FA	3.7	5.0	2.9	2.7	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	7.3	7.9	6.7	8.1
ffa	1.7	1.7	1.7	2.3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2.0	2.3	1.9	1.9

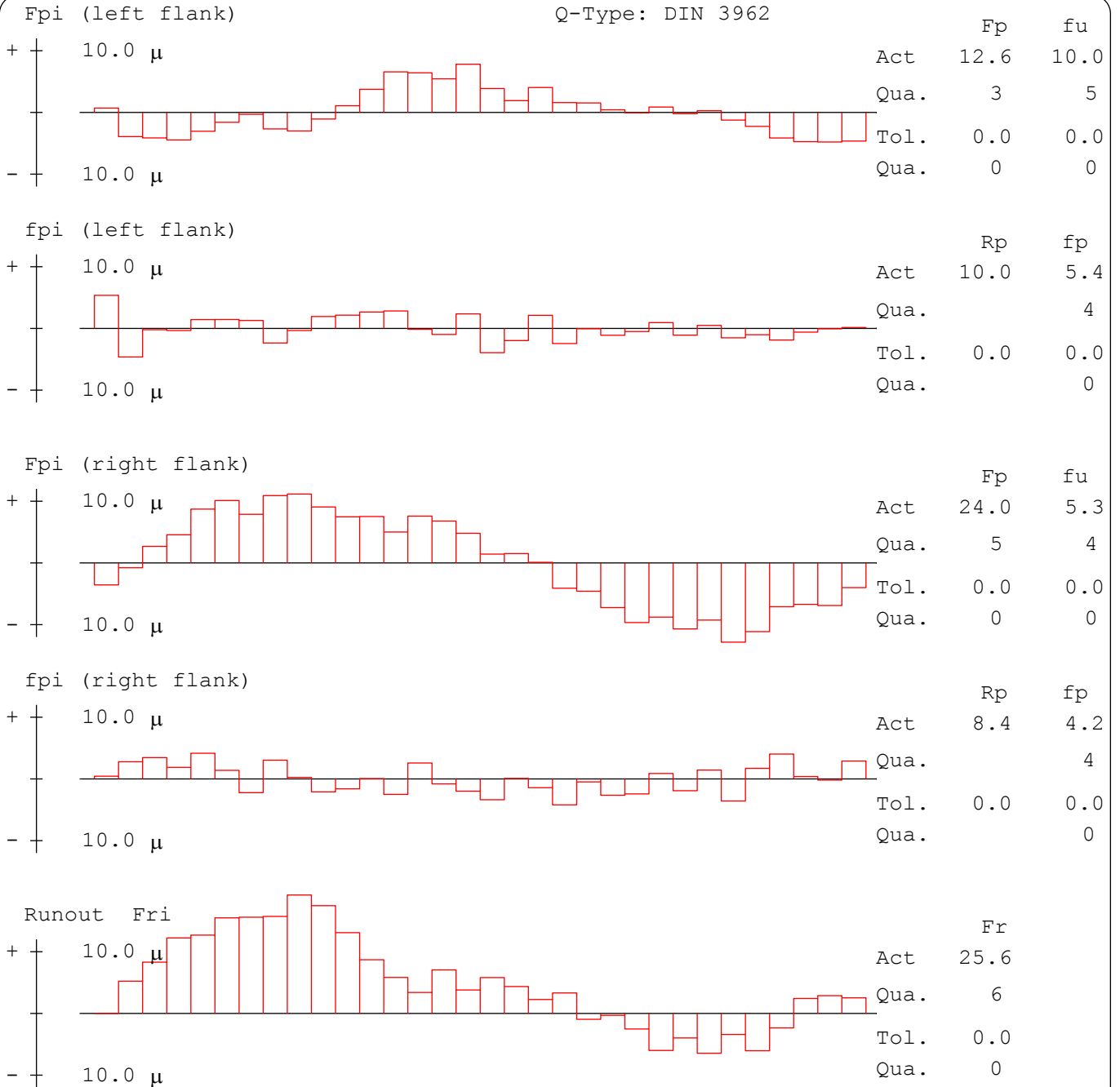


	fHβm				fHβ/80%	fHβ/80%				fHβ/80%						
fHβm	-2.2													-3.6		
fHβ	-2.8	-5.9	-2.7	2.6	5	0/	0	0	0	0/	0	6	2.7	-4.8	-7.8	-4.5
Fβ	4.5	7.0	3.6	4.0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	2.8	5.3	8.4	5.4
ffβ	1.9	1.2	1.6	4.1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1.2	1.7	0.9	1.3



No. of teeth: 32	Order No. : NGML - DriveTrain
Norm. Module: 10.0000	Identity No.: 400 Msster Gear
Press. Angle: 20.0000	Comment :
Helix Angle : 35.0000	Title : Master gear
Hand of Lead: right	Part No. :
Facewidth :100.0000	Inspect/Date: DC/09-JAN-2017/09:52

Result : o.k. n.o.k. A. W. R.



Dimension over balls nom (0.0000, 0.0000) Probe Diam. 18.0000
 R_{Md} 0.0129 max 416.3035(4, 20) min 416.2906(12, 28) Aver. 416.2976
 Effective Tooth Thickness (Spline) = 18.5429 nom (0.0000, 0.0000)